# Assessment, Training and Innovation on Basic competencies in Secondary Education: ICT, Information Literacy and Conflict Resolution (ATI-LINCO)

María-José Rodríguez-Conde IUCE. Universidad de Salamanca. Salamanca. España (+34) 923 294634 mjrconde@usal.es

Juan-Francisco Martín-Izard IUCE. Universidad de Salamanca. Salamanca. España (+34) 923 294634 jfmi@usal.es

Fernando Martínez-Abad IUCE. Universidad de Salamanca. Salamanca. España (+34) 923 294634 fma@usal.es

Juan Pablo Hernández-Marcos IUCE. Universidad de Salamanca. Salamanca. España (+34) 923 294634 jfmi@usal.es

Susana Nieto-Isidro IUCE. Universidad de Salamanca. Salamanca. España (+34) 923 294634 sni@usal.es María-Esperanza Herrera-García IUCE. Universidad de Salamanca. Salamanca. España (+34) 923 294634 espe@usal.es

Susana Olmos-Migueláñez IUCE. Universidad de Salamanca. Salamanca. España (+34) 923 294634 espe@usal.es

# Eva-María Torrecilla-Sánchez

IUCE. Universidad de Salamanca. Salamanca. España (+34) 923 294634 emt@usal.es

# Ana B. González-Rogado

IUCE. Universidad de Salamanca. Salamanca. España (+34) 923 294634 abgr@usal.es

Patricia Torrijos IUCE. Universidad de Salamanca. Salamanca. España (+34) 923 294634 patrizamora@usal.es

# Abstract

The ATI-LINCO is an interdisciplinary national research project leaded by the Research Group "Evaluación Educativa y Orientación" ("Educational Assessment and Guidance") at the University Institute of Educational Sciences (IUCE, University of Salamanca, Spain). Its focus calls the attention on key skills assessment, training of Secondary school teachers in Basic competences and the implementation of innovation processes.

In the first project (SEJ2006-10700) the research interest aimed at the assessment of Basic Competencies in high school students, obtaining enough evidence as to move on a second project (EDU2009-08753). In this second attempt, the research questions about the assessment and training of secondary school teachers were divided into two basic skills:

#### Proceedings of the TEEM'13 Track on Knowledge Society Related Projects

information literacy and conflict resolution competences. Finally with the ATI-LINCO project, the interest is to reverse the results of the evaluation and training on innovation processes in the secondary school setting.

The Project themes are: skills assessment, teacher training, Innovation in secondary education, information literacy, conflict resolution and Information and Communication Technologies (ICT) as integrate tools supporting the entire project. The research methodology is different and adapted to each of the objectives proposed.

On the one hand, our goal is to continue with the diagnosis of student key skills, that support learning. On the other hand, we propose an experimental design to test the ICT effectiveness in a training program for skill development in teacher training schools. On the other hand, we intend to frame an educational innovation project based on Basic Competencies through an interactive process of action-research. The ultimate goal, therefore, is contributing to improve the quality of the Spanish Educational System in Secondary Education

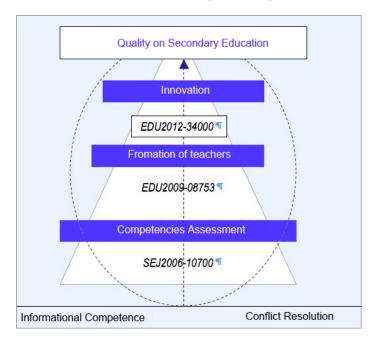
**Keywords:** key competencies, information skills, skills for conflict resolution, Program Evaluation, teachers training, educational innovation, secondary education, ICT.

#### 1 Introduction

The present project was approved at the Spanish Ministry Congress, with responsibility for Research and Development with reference to EDU2012-34000, with financial help from basic open research, in the context of then VI National Scientific Investigation, Technological development and innovation 2008-2011, Education sub program. The period of execution is from 2013 to 2015 and it is follws the two consecutive previous projects: SEJ2006-10700 and EDU2009-08753, being carried out by The Education and Orientation evaluation (http://ge2o.usal.es), within research group (GRIAL), part of the Investigation team inside of the University **<<University Institute of Educational Science>>** (IUCE), at the University of Salamanca (Spain).

The first project(SEJ2006-10700) was mainly about the key role of evolution competences, particularly, informal competency, in Secondry education students (Rodríguez Conde, Olmos Migueláñez, Pinto Molina, Martínez Abad & García Riaza, 2011; Rodríguez Conde, Olmos-Migueláñez y Martínez Abad, 2012), with results which helped us carry on with a second project (EDU2009-08753), basing the problem of investigation around the **evolution and formation of the teaching team of secondary education** in two basic responsibilities: informal responsibilities and social responsibilities ((Rodríguez-Conde, Martínez-Abad y Olmos-Migueláñez, 2013; Torrecilla Sánchez, Martín Izard, y Hernández Ramos, 2012). This third project concludes the cycle, looking at the results of the evolution and the training, about the proceedings of **innovation**, within the centres of secondary education (students aged 12-16)

#### Assessment, Training and Innovation on Basic competencies in Secondary Education: ICT, Information Literacy and Conflict Resolution (ATI-LINCO)



The interest of the European Union (European Union, 2000) in this type of research is obvious, because the cycle of **educational evaluation and innovation** forms part of the strategic agenda in the area of education, as is the development of the key area of productive team networks. Citizens' competence development focused on the demand for the working environment of the XXI century, and should form of a fundamental concern for the government.

# 2 Description

The purpose of this educational research is to achieve important competencies among Secondary Education Students and in teachers of that level, based on the use of information and communication technologies (ITC), to apply and evaluate the innovation educative innovation project, to contribute to the last project, with answers from applied empirical investigation the better quality of learning in our country.

1<sup>st</sup> Topic. *Competency Evaluation: informational competency ( Informational Literacy or ALFIN)* and resolution conflicts competency

2<sup>nd</sup> Topic. Teachers and innovation training in secondary education: informational and social competency ( Conflict resolution)

3<sup>rd</sup> Topic. Information and communication Technologies (TICs) as questioner tools for the working project.

# 2.1 Objetives

Concern about quality of education is the reason why so much importance is given to key competencies, both in consideration of the base of the curriculum of compulsory learning and as an important variable in the level of training of Secondary Education teachers. Evaluation and training drive towards an implementation innovation in education centres. We believe that research that which sets out a strategy of evaluation and innovating training in Secondary Education centres, can contribute to increasing the state of scientific knowledge about the process, indicators and results of obligatory education and provide strategies to improve.

Specifically, the objectives will be:

#### Proceedings of the TEEM'13 Track on Knowledge Society Related Projects

**Study 1.** Perform a diagnostic evaluation of the level of informational and technological competence of students and teachers in secondary education, in order to provide empirical information that can facilitate decision making.

**Study 2. 2.1.** Design, implement and evaluate a training course in the areas of skills studied in secondary schools of at least two autonomous communities (Castilla y León and Andalusia), from the pilot program implemented in previous research (ef-TALCO ). **2.2** Design, implement and evaluate, at least one innovation project in a educational center in each region, which intervenes in the development of these skills in high school students.

The final goal is to make visible the process network and the results obtained in this Innovation Project in Secondary Education Core Competencies, which will enable their transfer to other centres and educational contexts in those areas successfully tested for quality improvement of education in the information society and media.

# 2.2 Outcomes/Results

#### **Study Result 1:**

Once analysed, the **results** will be released and a **final report** will be finalised, specific for the first fase of the study, in which the conclusions will be obtained about the level of analised key compentence and teaching with appropriate recommendations for the same improvement.

#### **Study 2.1 Results:**

The **results** and a **final report** of this last phase will be published online for free, under Creative Commons, which helps explain the program to R & D + i, which is funded from the Ministry of Economy and competitiveness. The final goal is to make visible the process network and the results obtained in this Innovation Project in Secondary Education Core Competencies, which enables their transfer to other centers and educational contexts in those areas successfully tested.

#### **Study 2.2 Results:**

The **results** and prepare a **final report** of this last phase, would be published in online format free, under Creative Commons, which helps explain the program to R & D + i, since funding from the Ministry of Economy and competitiveness. The ultimate goal is to make visible the process network and the results obtained in this Innovation Project in Secondary Education Core Competencies, which enables **their transfer to other centers and educational contexts** in those areas successfully tested for quality improvement of education in the information society and media.

### 3 Conclusion

Competency-based education prepares students to continue learning once their schooling has finished and to meet the challenges of adult life. The school is not the only source of information, this institution is faced with the problem of having to determine content and skills that are of interest and benefit to students in school life and in their extracurricular future. Since it is impossible to accumulate all this knowledge during the period of compulsory education, the school needs to train students for learning that can provide them with the ability to continue learning independently throughout their lives. We understand information literacy to be a key competence for development and the necessary development of people after their school life (Rodríguez-Conde, Martinez-Abad and Migueláñez Olmos, 2013).

# Assessment, Training and Innovation on Basic competencies in Secondary Education: ICT, Information Literacy and Conflict Resolution (ATI-LINCO)

Research into virtual spaces on the Internet, such as potential training spaces (Rogado Gonzalez, Rodriguez-Conde, Olmos - Migueláñez, Borham Puyal, Garcia - Peñalvo, 2012), has been carried out since the days of Web 1.0, that is to say of the WWW, the network of networks in communication that maintains thousands of servers around the world and unlimited search results content. This characterizes, at different scales, the Internet from the mid 90's to the early XXI century. With 2000 a new concept of Internet appears, related to the integration of new content and collaborative spaces, i.e. not only trying to create or find content and information, but with the user also generating their own information which, in turn, may be exchanged or enriched by other users (Garcia- Peñalvo, Conde, and Casany Alier, 2011). Thus, considering an urgent need to conduct rigorous projects from the field of scientific research in education that provides reliable and valid data on the use and specific intervention proposals that demonstrate the advantages of these materials on certain aspects to be defined in learning of students in secondary education

# 4 Acknowledgment

We acknowledge the funding recieved from the subprogramme basic open research programme, within the VI National Plan for Scientific Research, Development and Innovation 2008-2011. Sub education, for EDU2012-34000 project. Also the Institute of Educational Sciences of the University of Salamanca, which made possible the development of this project between 2013 and 2015.

# 5 References

- [1] Garcia-Peñalvo, F.J.; Conde, M.A.; Alier, M. y Casany, M.J. (2011). Opening Learning Management Systems to Personal Learning Environments, *Journal of Universal Computer Science, vol. 17, no. 9*, 1222-1240.
- [2] González Rogado, A. B., Rodríguez-Conde, M.J., Olmos-Migueláñez, S., Borham Puyal. M., García-Peñalvo, F. (aceptada publicación, 2012). Experimental evaluation of the impact of b-learning methodologies on engineering students in Spain. *Computers in Human Behavior, 28*.
- [3] Rodríguez-Conde, María-José; Martínez-Abad, Fernando; Olmos-Migueláñez, Susana (2013). Evaluación de competencias informacionales en educación secundaria: un modelo causal. *Cultura y Educación, 25 (3),* 361-373.
- [4] Rodríguez Conde MJ, Olmos Migueláñez S, Pinto Molina M, Martínez Abad F & García Riaza B (2011). Informational Literacy And Information And Communication Technologies Use By Secondary Education Students In Spain: A Descriptive Study. *Contemporary Issues In Education Research 4 (4)*, 1-14. R. E.

http://journals.cluteonline.com/index.php/CIER/issue/view/447

- [5] Rodríguez-Conde, M. J., Olmos-Migueláñez, S., Perochena González, P., y Herrera García, M. E. (2011). Moral education and improvement of coexistence in Secondary Education (12-16 years) in Spain. US-China Education Review Vol. 8, No. 1. 98-102
- [6] Rodríguez Conde, M. J., Olmos-Migueláñez, S y Martínez Abad, F (2012). Propiedades métricas y estructura dimensional de la adaptación española de una escala de evaluación de competencia informacional autopercibida (IL-HUMASS). *RIE. Revista de Investigación Educativa, 30 (2),* 347-365.
- [7] Torrecilla Sánchez, E.M, Martín Izard, J.F y Hernández Ramos, J.P. (2012). Desarrollo de competencias a través de las TIC para la mejora de la convivencia en la formación inicial de docentes de secundaria en Castilla Mesa, M.T, Solbes Martín, V.M y Sánchez Sánchez, A.M. (coords.). Buenas prácticas en educación intercultural y mejora. de la convivencia. Wolters Kluwer. Madrid: Wolters Kluwer.
- [8] Trahtemberg, L. (2001). El impacto previsible de las nuevas tecnologías en la enseñanza y la organización escolar. En Varios, *Análisis de perspectivas de la educación en América Latina y el Caribe*. Santiago de Chile: UNESCO.
- [9] Unión Europea. (2000). *Memorándum sobre el aprendizaje permanente*. Madrid: MECD. Recuperado de <u>http://ec.europa.eu/education/lifelong-learning-policy/doc/policy/memo\_es.pdf</u>