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Plant Gene Register PGR 98–087

Characterization of a cDNA Encoding the Small Subunit of Arabidopsis Carbamoyl Phosphate Synthetase (Accession No. U73175).

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Plant Gene Register PGR 98–088

Molecular Cloning and Sequencing of a Broccoli cDNA (Accession No. AF047476) Encoding an ETR-Type Ethylene Receptor.

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Plant Gene Register PGR 98–089

cDNA Cloning of Aquaporin (Accession No. AF047173) from *Aleurites fordii* Seeds.

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Plant Gene Register PGR 98–090

Nucleotide Sequence of a cDNA Clone (Accession No. AF047694) for Glutaredoxin from *Aleurites fordii* Seeds.

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Plant Gene Register PGR 98–091

Isolation of a Novel Gene Coding for a Putative Arginine/Serine-Rich Splicing Factor Homologous to PR264/SC35 (Accession No. Y16672) from Alfalfa.

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Plant Gene Register PGR 98–092

Ribosomal Protein L24 Homolog (Accession No. AJ225027) Is Expressed in *Cicer arietinum* L. Epicotyls.

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Plant Gene Register PGR 98-093

Sequence and Transcript Editing of the *ndhB* Gene of Arabidopsis Plastids (Accession Nos. AJ002490 and AJ002491).

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Plant Gene Register PGR 98-094

An Auxin Down-Regulated mRNA from Mung Bean Hypocotyl (Accession No. AB012110) Is Related to an Aluminum-Inducible mRNA in Wheat Root.

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Plant Gene Register PGR 98-095

Cloning and Characterization of Two Different cDNAs Coding for Cytoplasmic Small Heat Stress Proteins (Accession Nos. AJ225046 and AJ225047) in *Lycopersicon peruvianum*.

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Plant Gene Register PGR 98-096

PHR2: A Novel Arabidopsis Gene Related to the Blue-Light Photoreceptor/Photolyase Family (Accession No. AF053366).

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Plant Gene Register PGR 98-097

The Primary Structure of the Cl⁻-Translocating ATPase, a Subunit (Accession No. AB012085) of *Acetabularia acetabulum*.

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Plant Gene Register PGR 98-098

Isolation of a *Eucalyptus globulus* cDNA Encoding Caffeyol-Coenzyme A 3-O Methyltransferase (Accession No. AF046122).

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Plant Gene Register PGR 98-099

Nucleotide Sequence of *Atdrm1-1* cDNA and Genomic Clones (Accession Nos. AF053746 and AF053747), an Arabidopsis Homolog of a Dormant, Bud-Associated Gene from Pea.

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Plant Gene Register PGR98-092

Rocío Esteban, Emilia Labrador and Berta Dopico (1998) Ribosomal Protein L24 Homologue (Accession No. AJ225027) is Expressed in *Cicer arietinum* L. epicotyls. (PGR98-092) Plant Physiol. 117: 717

Ribosomal Protein L24 Homologue (Accession No. AJ225027) is Expressed in *Cicer arietinum* L. epicotyls

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The structure and function of ribosomes depend upon the cooperative association and interaction of proteins and rRNA. Eukaryotic ribosomes are composed of a large subunit of 60S and a small subunit of 40S. The large subunit contains three rRNAs (5S, 28S and an rRNA unique to eukaryotes 5.8S rRNA) and 50 proteins, L1 to L50. The small subunit contains proteins S1-S33 and a 18S rRNA. The structure of the components in the ribosomes have been studied for long time in *E. coli*, *S. cerevisiae* and mammals, as reviewed by Hill *et al.* (1990). Ribosomal proteins in plants have not been dealt with in great detail and are mainly recognised by the similarity to proteins from bacteria and yeast.

We report here the nucleotide sequence of a cDNA encoding a ribosomal protein L24 homologue. This full length clone was picked out of a cDNA library in lambda-ZAP constructed from poly A+ RNA from epicotyls separated from 5 day old chickpea (*Cicer arietinum* L. cv castellana) seedlings growing in water. The clone (CanRL24) is 687 bp in length, including a complete ORF of 495 bp, 26 bp 5' untranslated sequence and 166-bp 3' untranslated sequence. The deduced protein is 165 amino acids in length from which the Mr can be calculated to 18,499 dalton. The estimated PI of 10.8 reflects that the chickpea RL24 homologue contains more than 21 % lysine and 13% arginine residues.

Nucleotide and amino acid sequence comparisons to published sequences in GenBank and EMBL data bases and Swiss-Prot and Blitz data bases respectively indicate that chickpea RL24 show high identity to the two only plant sequenced ribosomal protein RL24 homologue. The identity to barley 60S ribosomal protein RL24 ([X94296](#)) (Rasmussen and Klausen, 1996) is 82,7% and to Arabidopsis RL24 ([P38666](#)) is 73%. Similar identity was found in the Medicago EST ([AA660502](#)) databases, defined as 60S ribosomal protein. Also chickpea RL24 present lower homology to yeast RL30B and to yeast RL30A (Mitra and Warner, 1984; Baronas-Lowell and Warner, 1990).

Acknowledgements

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Mitra G, Warner JR (1984) A yeast ribosomal protein gene whose intron is in the 5' leader. J Biol

Rasmussen SK, Klausen J (1996) Ribosomal protein L24E homologue (Accession No. X94296) is expressed in barley endosperms (PGR96-011). Plant Physiol. 110: 1048



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The structure and function of ribosomes depend upon the cooperative association and interaction of proteins and rRNA. Eukaryotic ribosomes are composed of a large subunit of 60S and a small subunit of 40S. The large subunit contains three rRNAs (28S, 5.8S and an rRNA unique to eukaryotes 5.8S rRNA) and 30 proteins, L1 to L30. The small subunit contains proteins 21-23S and a 18S rRNA. The structure of the components in the ribosomes have been studied for long time in *E. coli*, *S. cerevisiae* and mammals, as reviewed by Hill et al. (1990). Ribosomal proteins in plants have not been dealt with in great detail and are mainly recognized by the similarity to proteins from bacteria and yeast.

We report here the nucleotide sequence of a cDNA encoding a ribosomal protein L24 homologue. This full length clone was picked out of a cDNA library in lambda-ZAP constructed from poly(A⁺ RNA from epicotyls separated from 5 day old chickpea (*Cicer arietinum* L. cv castellana) seedlings growing in water. The clone (c-arrL24) is 687 bp in length, including a complete ORF of 495 bp. 26 bp 5' untranslated sequence and 166 bp 3' untranslated sequence. The deduced protein is 165 amino acids in length from which the Mr can be calculated to 18499 dalton. The estimated pI of 10.8 reflects that the chickpea RL24 homologue contains more than 21% lysine and 13% arginine residues.

Nucleotide and amino acid sequence comparisons to published sequences in Genbank and EMBL data bases and Swiss-Prot and Bfly data bases respectively indicate that chickpea RL24 show high identity to the two only plant sequenced ribosomal protein RL24 homologues. The identity to barley 60S ribosomal protein RL24 (X01195) (Rasmussen and Klausen, 1996) is 82.7% and to Arabidopsis RL24 (F09666) is 73%. Similar identity was found in the Medicago EST (AA01912) databases, defined as 60S ribosomal protein. Also chickpea RL24 present lower homology to yeast R26B and to yeast RL30A (Mitts and Warner, 1984; Barona-Lowell and Warner, 1990).

Acknowledgements

This research was supported by a grant from the Dirección General de Investigación Científica y Técnica (DICYT), Spain (PB94-1395).

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- Barona-Lowell DM, Warner JR (1990) Ribosomal Protein L30 is dispensable in the yeast *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*. Mol Cell Biol. 10: 5233-5243
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