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N.B. Words marked with an asterisk correspond to "An Exmoor Courtship" and "An Exmoor Scolding", same vol., pp 297-300 and 352-355 respectively, also in *The Salamanca Corpus*.

An EXMOOR Vocabulary.



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Mr. URBAN,

#### Exon, Aug. 12, 1746:

ON perusing those curious pieces the EXMOOR COURTSHIP and SCOLDING in your Magazine, I find several words mark'd with an asterisk, as wanting an explanation; and having heretofore liv'd a good while within a few miles of the forest of Exmoor,\* where that dialect is spoken, and heard a good deal of it, I well remember in what sense all those words are used; which induc'd me to draw up the inclos'd Vocabulary, for the service of your readers in other parts, and perhaps it may afford some help to their understanding our old books. I have added several words that are not to be found either in the Exmoor Scolding or Courtship (tho' no less common in that quarter) and believe I could recollect as many more, if they would be acceptable. You will in this Vocabulary find all the words which you have mark'd, and you may depend on the truth of my explanation of every one, except two, of which being in doubt, I have mark'd them with a Q. It may not be amiss to observe, that the it is call'd a Devonshire Dialect, it is not the dialect of the whole county, and that it would be almost as unintelligible to the inhabitants of the southern parts of it, as to a citizen of *London*. Every county, doubtless, has its peculiar dialect, which among the vulgar, and those who are far remov'd from the more considerable towns, is generally barbarous enough; and therefore *Devonshire* is no more to be ridicul'd on that account, than any other larger county: For I dare affirm that there is as good *English* in general spoken in some parts of Devonshire, as in any other part of England.

I can't help observing that the Transcriber of the *Exmoor Courtship* has commited some blunders, having used the word *Thek* in many places where an *Exmoorian* would have said *That*, and the *V* instead of *F*, &c. For tho' it be very common with them to change *F* into *V*, *S* into *Z*, *Th* into *D*, &c. yet there are a great many words in which they *never* make this change, as *Flash*, *Fashion*, *Fine*, *Sea*, *Soul*, *Sad*, *Sarrant* (*i.e.* servant) *Third*, and many others. It should be observed that they generally use *To* instead of *At*; *Ise*, *ees*, and *ich* for *I*; *I cham*, or *'Cham* for *I am*; *'Chell* for *I shall*, &c. which as once the general mode of proper speaking throughout the kingdom, and may be found in many ancient *English* authors.



DEVONIENSIS

A VOCABULARY of the EXMOOR Dialect, containing all such Words in the Exmoor Scolding and Courtship, the Meaning of which does not appear by the Sense; with the Addition of some others, all accented on their proper Syllables, to shew the Method of their Pronunciation. (with NOTES.)

Agést, or agást, afraid.

\*Agging, *murmuring, raising quarrels* \*égging or égging-on, is an expression frequently used in most counties, perhaps, to spur on from *aigu, Fr.*, a point of a spur, or needle.

Álkithole, *a feol, a silly oaf* Állernbatch (*probably of Ælderp*, *elder, and* Bosse, *a botch*) *a kind of botch or old sore* Á-purt, *sullen*.

Aquótt, See Quott

Art, eight

Arteen, eighteen

Avróre, frosty

A'xen, ashes

A'xwaddle, a dealer in ashes, and sometimes, one that tumbles in them

Azoon, anon

Baggáged, or Bygáged, mad, bewitch'd

To Bank, to beat

Banging, large, great

Bárngun, a breaking out in small pimples, or pustles in the skin.

Bárra or Bárrow, a gelt pig

To be true Ben or Bend (possibly of Bendan Sax. to stretch out, to yield to) To the purpose, or sufficiently, to the utmost stretch

Bewhiver'd, lost to ones self, bewilder'd

Biird or Berd, bread

Blaking, crying till out of breath



Blazing, spreading abroad news To Blóggy, to be sullen Blówmaunger, a fat blow-cheek'd person Bóneshave (Perhaps from bone spavin, a bony crust growing on a horse's heels, or the scratches) a kind of horny tumour Q Bóostering, labouring busily, so as to sweat Bourm, yeest Brándires, a trivet Brawn or Broan, a cleft of wood for the first. \* [As a Seem of braunds, is a horse-load of billet wood; a rick of braunds, is a stack of wood cleft for the fire; so woaken or elmen braunds means oak or elm billets] Briss, *dust* Broach, a spit, spindle Buckard or Bucked (spoken of milk) soured by keeping too long in the milk-bucket, or by a foul bucket Búldering (weather,) sultry, hot

\*This forest is in *Somersetshire*, and is call'd *Exmoor*, from the river *Ex* having there its rise.

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Burnish, to grow fat, or increase in bulk, look bright, rosy Butt, a bee-butt, or hive Cat-hamm'd, fumbling, without dexterity Cáuchery, a medicinal composition, or slop Champ, a scuffle Chánnell, to challenge Chaungeling, an ideot, one whom the fairies have chang'd Chaunge, a shirt, or shift



Chóckling, hectoring, scolding Chóunting, quarreling Chúer, a chare, or jobb of work Clathing, *clothes* Clável, a chimney-piece Cloam, earthen ware Coad, *unhealthy* Coajerzéend (i.e. a cordwainer's end) a shoemaker's thread. Coander, *a corner* Cóckleett (i.e. cock-light) day-break, or (sometimes) the dusk of the evening Cod-glove, a thick glove without fingers, to handle turf Condiddled, dispers'd Cónkabell, an icicle [in the Somerset dialect Clinkabell] Cópper-clouts, a kind of splatterdashes worn on the small of the leg To Cotten, to beat one soundly To Creem, to squeeze or press together Créwnting, grunting or complaining Crock, *a pot* Crowd, *a violin* Crowdling, slow, dull, sickly Crub or Croust, a crust of bread or cheese Cússing, expounding on (applied to a tale) Culvers, *pigeons* Daps, *likeness* [the very daps of one, the exact likeness in shape or manners] Dear'd, hurried, frighten'd, stunn'd Dem! you slut! Dímmet, the dusk of the evening Dinder. *thunder* Dinderex, a thunder-bolt Dorns, doorposts



Dóveth, it thaws	
Dowl, <i>the devil</i>	
Dreade, thread	and in general all words
Dree, three	beginning with Th , sound D instead thereof
To Drou to dry	
Drúmbledrane <i>a drone</i> [or bumble bee]	
Dúbbed, blunt	
Dúgged or Dudded, draggle-tail'd	
Eart one, eart to'theer, now one, then the other	
Eél-thing, or Ill-thing, St Anthony's fire	
Eléwn, eleven	V L R SELA S
E'-long, slanting	V LAUNIBANG
Elt, See Ilt	
Ewte, to pour in	
Fitchole, a polcat, [fitcher or fitchet, in other counties]	
Foust, dirty	
Full-stated, spoken of a leasehold estate, that has 3 lives subsisting on it	
Fustiluggs, a big-bon'd person	
Gállied, frighten'd	
Gállibagger, a bug-bear	
Gálliment, a great fright	
Gámmerell, the small of the leg	
G'and or G'ender, go yonder	
Gánny, a turkey	
Gáowing, chiding	
Gápesnest, a raree show, a fine sight	
Geed, gave	
Ghowering or Jowering, quarrelsome	
Ginged or Jinged, bewitch'd	
Gint or Jynt, joint	



Girred, draggle-tail'd Glam, a wound or sore Glówing, staring Glúmping, sullen, or sour-looing Gríddle, a grid-iron Grizzledemundy, a laughing fool, one that grins at every thing Grizzling *laughing*, *smiling* Gubb, a pandar, or go-between Gurt, great Gúterring, eating greedily [guttling] Hággage, a slattern Hálzening, predicting the worst that can happen Hanje or Hange, the purtenance of any creature [in Somerset, lamb's head and purt'nance, is the head, heart, liver and lights] Hántick, frantick Hare, her, also us'd for She Hárrest, harvest Háwchamouth, one that talks indecently Háwthern, a kind of hitch, or pin, cut out in an erect board, to hang a coat on, or the like To Henn, to throw Héwstring, short-breath'd, wheezing Hórry, *mouldy* Q To Hoppy, to be badly off Húckmuck, a little tiny fellow [thick, stubbed] Húcksheens, the hocks or hams Husking, shuffling and shrinking up ones' shoulders Jacketawád, an Ignis Fatuus Ilt, or Elt, a gelt sow Kee, kine or cows

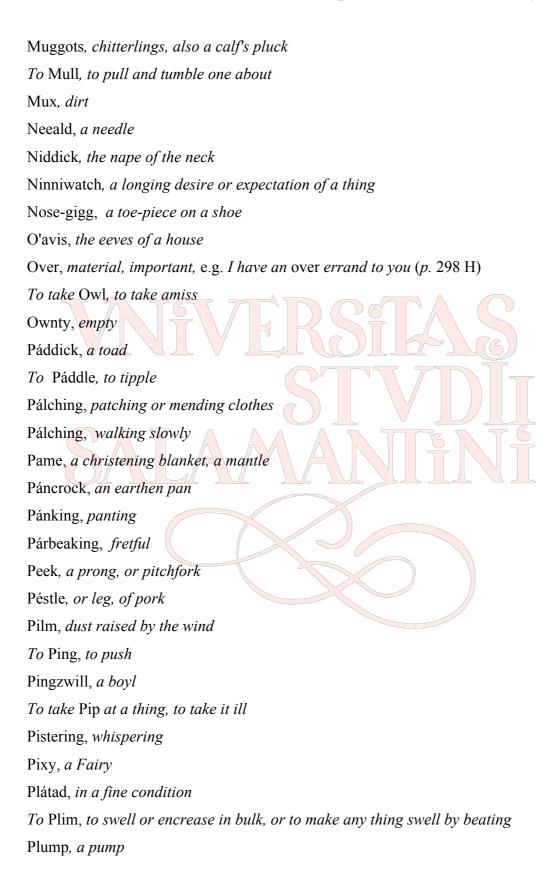


Kep, a cap Kerping, carping, finding fault Kittepacks, a kind of buskins Labb, a blab To Lackee, to be wanting from home Lamps'd, lam'd or hurted

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Lathing, invitation Leech-way, the path in which the dead are carried to be buried Leéry, empty, unloaden Loblolly, an odd mixture of spoon-meat Lock! What! Heyday! Loff, low Lóngcripple, a viper Looze, a hog-sty To Loustree, to work hard Lowing, piling up one thing on another To Lundge, to lean on any thing Lymptwigg, *a lapwing* Malls, the measles Marl, *a marvel*, *a wonder* Mass, *acorns* [mast] Maz'd, *mad*, *crazy* [so a maz'd-man for a madman] Mews. moss Min or Men, them, e. g. Put min up, i.e. Put them up Moyle, *a mule* To Moyley, to labour hard like a mule Muggard, sullen







Pódger, a platter or pewter dish To Pómster, to act the empirick To Póochee, to make mows at a person Pook, *a cock of hay* To Pótee, to push with ones feet Prill'd, *sour'd* Prinked, well dress'd, fine, neat To Pritch, to check or withstand. † *†* [*A term for making holes in the leathers of cards to admit the wire*] Prófets, buskins Pung, *push'd* Púrting or a púrt, sullen Putch to hand up, (pitch) sheaves or the like with a pitch-fork. Quélstring, *hot*, *sultry*, [*sweltry*] Querking, grunting Quott or Aquott, weary of eating; also sat down Rábble-rote, a repetition of a long story, a tale of a tub Ragrówtering, playing at romps Ranish, *ravenous* Rathe (not rear, as Gay has it) early, soon, e.g. a leet rather, i. e. a little while ago, a *little sooner;* [why do you op so rathe; or rise early] To Ream, to stretch Rearing, mocking, by repeating another's words with disdain, or the like Reart, *right* Reárting (i.e. righting) mending Réxen, rushes *To* Rey *ones self, to dress ones self* [*aray*] Ripping one up, telling him all his faults Rittling, *wheazing* [quasi *rattling*] Roundshaving, *chiding exceedingly* 



Rumple, a large debt contracted by little and little —---[Somersetshire. 'Twill come to a rumple, *or breaking*, *at last*] To Scorse or Scoace, to exchange Sewent or Suent, even, regular, all alike Shéenstrads, splatterdashes Sherking or Sharking, and eager desire to cheat or defraud another To take a Shoard, to drink a cup too much School, *a shovel* To Shoort, to shift for a living Siss, a great fat woman Skotch or Squotch, a notch Slotter, *nastiness* To Sowl, to tumble ones clothes, to pull one about, &c. Spalls, chips, also things cast in ones teeth Spare, slow Spewring, a boarded partition Sprey, spruce, ingenious To Spudlee, to stir or spread a thing abroad Squelstring, *sultry* Stéchopping, playing the hobby-horse Stewardly, like a good housewife Stéyan or Stean, an earthen pot, like a jar To Stile or Stilee. to iron clothes Stirrups, a kind of buskins Strámmer, a great lye Stróaking, milking after a calf has suck'd Stroil, *strength and agility A good* Stubb, *a large sum of money* Sture, a steer, also a dust raised



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Súffing, sobbing Swill, to swallow down ones throat Swillet, growing turf set on fire for manuring the land Tállet (i.e. *top-loft*) a hay loft Tánbaste or Tánbase, scuffling, struggling Taply or Tapely, early in the morning Tatchy, *peevish* Teaster, the canopy of a bed Ted or Tet, to be order d or permitted to do a thing, as, I Ted go home, i. e. I am to go home Terra, a turf To Tervee, to struggle and tumble to get free Tetties (from Teats) breasts Thek or Theckee or Thecka, this is (generally, not always) us'd for That when it is a pronoun demonstrative, but never when it is a pronoun relative, or a conjunction, in which cases Thet or Thate is the word us'd Therle, gaunt, lean To Thir, Thear, Der, Dear or Dere, to frighten, hurt, or strike dead Tho, *then, at that time* Thúmping, great, huge To Ting, to chide severely Tótle, a slow, lazy person Tótling, slow, idle Tourn, *a spinning wheel* To Toze, to pull abroad wool, &c. Troant, a foolish fellow, and sometimes a lazy loiterer, a truant Trolubber, a husbandman, a day-labourer Trub, *a slut* (*not* a little squat woman, *as* Bailey *has it*)



Twine, packthread. To Vang, to take or receive To Vang to, to stand sporsor to a child Véaking, fretfulness, peevishness Vígging, See Potee Vínnied, *mouldy* Vínny, *a scolding-boup To* Vit, *to dress (meat, &c.)* Vitty, decent, handsome, well Umber, number Voor, *a furrow* Vore, forth To drow Vore, to twit one with a fault Vóre-days or Voar-days, late in the day Vore-reert, forth-right, without circumspection Upazét, in perfection Upzétting, a gossiping or christening feast Vung, *receiv'd* Vull-státad, See Full-stated Vurdin, *a farthing* Vur-vore, far forth Wángery, *flabby* Wáshamouthe, a blabb Wáshbrew, *flummery* Watsail, a drinking song on twelfth-day eve, throwing toast to the apple-trees in order to have a fruitful year; which seems to be a relick of a heathen sacrifice to Pomona || || Wassail, or Was-heil, to wish health. See Observat. on Macbeth, p. 41. Wétherly, with rage and violence

Whérret *a great blow,* 



(perhaps a back-hand stroke) Whisterpoop Whitch, a pretended conjurer that discovers, and sells charms for witchcraft Whótjecomb, what d'ye call him Whott, hot Why-vore, or for Wy vore, wherefore Wop, *a wasp* Wráxling, wrestling Yállow beels or Yellow boys, guineas Yead, head Yéaveling, evening Yees, eyes Yeevil, a dung fork Yérring, noisy Yéwmors, embers, hot ashes Yeo, an ewe Zénnet, a week, a sev'night Zess, a pile of sheaves in a barn Zew, a sow Zewnteen, seventeen Zigg, *urine* Zymyla, *son-in-law* Zive, a Scythe Zówerswopped, ill-natur'd Zowl, *a plough* 

I could muster up many more words in this barbarous dialect, but

*Ne qid nimis.* DEVON.

What is between hooks [], and the notes, is an adition to the Vocabulary, and we hope will not offend the author.