

# LOCI COM

MVNES IV.

RISCI

VILIS

\*

*Ex mendis tandem, & barbarie, in gratiam  
studiosorum utiliter restituti.*

ADDITA SUNT

Præsumptionum ferè omnium, quæ in foro  
frequentantur, Exempla.

CVM

IOAN. OLDENDORPII

*Epistola nuncupatoria.*

\*

VIRTUTE DVCE,



COMITE FORTVNA,



APVD SEB. GRYPHIVM  
LVGDVNI,  
1545.

# ERVDITO

ATQVE PRVDENTI

uïro, D. Petro Zalsio, Senatus Ro-  
stocensis à secretis, longè  
disertissi-  
mo,

IOAN. OLDENDORPIVS

S. P. D.



*DITVS* fuit annis superiori-  
bus, nescio quo autore, libellus,  
Ornatissime uir, titulo admodum  
plausibili: ut qui flores legum ex-  
hibere uideretur studiosis. Hunc

*Et* ego nactus, solebam apud

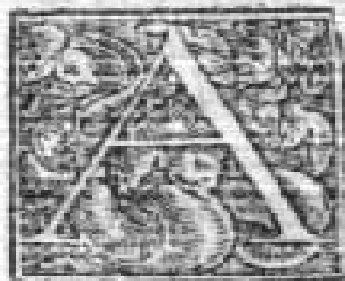
auditores meos ideo commendare, quòd Locos ex Iu-  
re ciuili communes, ipsis duntaxat Iurisconsultorum  
sententijs adprobaret, nullis ferè aut glossarum, aut  
commentatorum usus testimonijs. Placuit item Al-  
phabctica propositiõnum digestio, per quam lector  
uehementer adiuuari solet. Ceterum, mendis adeò  
scatentem atque neglectu calcographorum depraua-  
tum circumferri, sicut *Et* alia multa, deplorabam:  
ut nullum planè usum aut in scholis, aut in foro præ-  
stare possit. Hæc cum semel atque iterum ex me  
audiuisset in Academia hac Marpurgensi Michael

# LOCIVRIS

COMMV-

NES.

A.



**A**bsentem accipere debemus, eum, qui non est in eo loco, in quo petitur. Non enim trans mare absentem desideramus: sed si forte extra continētia urbis sit, abesse videtur, si non latitet. Vlpian. in l. absentem. ff. de uerbor. significat.

Absentia eius, qui reipubl. causa abest: neque ei neque alij damnosa esse debet. Vlpian. in l. absentia. ff. de regul. iur.

Absentia plus facit, quàm presentia cum contradictione. Vlpian. in l. item si unus. §. Celsus quoque. ff. de recept.

Absens per distantiam loci habetur. Pomponi. in l. sic, et tibus. ff. eod. titul. et l. mulierem. ff. de ritu nupt.

Abesse res videtur quatenus sum prestaturus. Vlpian. in l. plane. §. quod si rem. ff. de leg. j.

Abesse nō videtur qui ab hostibus captus est, sed qui à latronibus detinetur. Vlpian. in l. absentem. §. abesse. ff. de uerbor. significat.

Ablatiuus absolutus facit conditionem. l. à testatore. ff. de conditio. et demonstrat. l. de submersis. C. de naufragijs.

Abigei sunt, qui pecora ex pascuis, uel ex armentis subtrahunt, et quodammodo depredantur: et abigendi studium quasi artem exercent, equos de armentis, uel oues

† †

de gregi

This creature is said to be found in the  
 mountains of the East, and is  
 described as being a mixture of a  
 lion, eagle, and serpent. It is  
 said to be the most terrible  
 of all the beasts, and is  
 said to be the cause of many  
 of the plagues which are  
 sent upon the world. It is  
 said to be the cause of the  
 pestilence which was sent  
 upon the city of Babylon, and  
 is said to be the cause of the  
 plague which was sent upon  
 the city of Tyre. It is said  
 to be the cause of the plague  
 which was sent upon the city  
 of Sidon, and is said to be  
 the cause of the plague which  
 was sent upon the city of  
 Tyre. It is said to be the  
 cause of the plague which was  
 sent upon the city of Sidon, and  
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 was sent upon the city of Tyre.

